



December 30, 2024

School District 70 4690 Roger St Port Alberni, BC V9Y 3Z4

**Attention: Alex Taylor** 

Reference: Potable Water Lead Testing - Maintenance Shop

### Introduction

**Island EHS Ltd** has collected eight (8) water samples from tap / bottle filling stations at **Maintenance Shop**, located at 4930 Maebelle Road, Port Alberni, BC. The purpose of the sampling is to evaluate potential lead exposure risk from water consumed from the tap / bottle-filling stations. The samples were collected on December 11, 2024, and we report the following.

## Sampling Methodology

Sampling locations were selected by the client. All samples were taken from cold water lines.

The lead samples were collected using the methodology taken from "Guidelines on Evaluating and Mitigating lead in Drinking Water Supplies, Schools, Daycares & Other Buildings" (published April 2019 by the British Columbia Health Protection Branch), using the Random Daytime Sampling method. A 125mL First Draw sample was followed by a 125mL sample taken after a 30-second flush. This methodology was conducted to determine if a 30-second flush is sufficient to reduce the lead concentrations to below the Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC).

The samples were collected in an appropriate bottle supplied by an accredited laboratory. The samples were chilled and immediately submitted to the testing laboratory and tested for lead.

Samples were analyzed by the Island EHS in-house laboratory, using procedures based on methods recommended by the American Public Health Association (APHA) and the US Environmental Protection Agency (US-EPA) (EPA 200.9). Our laboratory is accredited by CALA to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 standards. Results were compared to the latest edition of the Canadian Drinking Water Quality Guidelines (CDWQG) published by Health Canada's Water Quality and Health Bureau.

#### Results

Table 1: Lead concentration from tested locations for First Draw and Flushed Sampling, compared to the Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) for Lead (0.005 mg/L).

Sample Location	MAC <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	Random Daytime Sample (mg/L)	Comments	
01-S 01-F	0.005	0.0024 0.0015	General Office  Lunch Room Sink  Lunch Room Water  Fountain	
02-S 02-F	0.005	<0.0006 <0.0006		
03-S 03-F	0.005	<0.0006 <0.0006		
04-S 04-F	0.005	<b>0.0096</b> 0.0009	Women's washroom	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MAC = Maximum acceptable concentrations

Results in **RED** indicate values that exceed the CDWQG

Full analytical results can be found in Appendix A.

### Discussion

The building is supplied by the municipal potable water distribution system. According to the BC Health Protection Branch, "Lead is usually not found in drinking water when it leaves the treatment plant. Instead lead tends to leach out of pipes and fixtures in buildings..." Until 1989, the BC Building Code did not have provisions for restricting the use of lead-containing materials in potable water lines. Under the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) B125.1 standard, plumbing, fitting and fixtures produced as recently as 2012 that were considered "lead-free" could contain as much as 8% lead by weight. Since 2012, the maximum percent of lead in fixtures that are considered "lead-free" is 0.25%.

### Conclusions and Recommendations

Of the four (4) locations from which water samples were collected by Island EHS on December 11, 2024, within Maintenance Shop, located at 4930 Maebelle Road, Port Alberni, BC, one (1) location (04 - Women's washroom) was found to have an average lead concentration which exceeded the maximum acceptable concentration (MAC) in the first draw bottles. No locations were above the MAC after a 30 second flush.

This indicates that there is a source of lead in the pipes and/or fixtures. The results for the four sampling locations indicate that a daily 30-second flush before using the water for drinking or cooking should be sufficient to reliably reduce the concentration of lead to below the MAC.

The client may wish to consider the following suggestions to further address lead water service pipes:

- Replace as much as possible of the plumbing pipes, fixtures and fittings between the water main and the tap itself for the locations that were found to have exceedances, *or*
- Where practicable, install in-line filters just before point of use. Ensure the filters are certified to NSF/ANSI 53 for reduction of contaminants that cause health effects. The filters must be changed on a schedule recommended by the manufacturer,
- Employ a flushing program. Run each tap that is used for consumption for at least 30 seconds, or until cold.
- Affix permanent signage directing users to alternate water sources such as water coolers or filtered water, to remind users to adequately flush the lines ("run until cold") prior to drinking, or to indicate that the water is not potable; and

Advise occupants to use cold water for cooking and drinking, even after flushing the pipes.
 Lead in pipes moves more readily into hot water than into cold water.

Following implementation of select recommendations, additional sampling should be conducted at all locations that exceeded the Guideline to ensure that levels are no longer in exceedance. As part of this testing, it is recommended that biannual testing for lead be conducted on campus on sources where potable water is consumed. Following implementation of this recommendation and subsequent results this could be reduced to annual testing from select locations.

### Limitations

This report has been prepared in accordance with established Industrial Hygiene practices. It is intended for the exclusive use of School District 70 to assist in the assessment of the drinking water quality in the sampled locations. The use of this document for any other purposes is at the sole risk of the users.

Island Environmental Health & Safety Ltd.

Sandy Munoz de la Nava Occupational Hygiene Technician Field Work and Report Ashlee McGiffin Senior Occupational Hygienist Report Review Appendix A: Analytical Results



Island Environmental Health and Safety 201 - 990 Hillside Avenue Victoria B.C, V8T 2A1 (778)406-0933

admin@islandehs.ca

# Certificate of Analysis

Client Name	School District 70	Report #	61711	Ī
Site Address	4930 Maebelle Road	Report Date	12/18/2024	
Collection Date	12/11/2024	Analysis Date	12/18/2024	
Received by Lab	12/16/2024	PO		
Collected By	SM	Notes	Maintenance Shop	

# Analysis Summary: Stagnant/Flush

	Sample #	1	Result (mg/L)	0.0024	Stagnant
	Location	General Office	Result (mg/L)	0.0015	Flush
	Sampling Time Not Provided		Comments		
	Sample #	2	Result (mg/L)	<0.0006	Stagnant
	Location	Lunch Room Sink	Result (mg/L)	<0.0006	Flush
	Sampling Time	Not Provided	Comments		
	Sample # 3		Result (mg/L)	<0.0006	Stagnant
	Location	Lunch Room Water Fountain	Result (mg/L)	<0.0006	Flush
	Sampling Time	Not Provided	Comments		
	Sample #	4	Result (mg/L)	0.0096	Stagnant
	Location	Women's Washroom	Result (mg/L)	0.0009	Flush
Isla	Sampling Time	Not Provided	Comments	td.	

### Notes

Results are compared to the latest Canadian Drinking Water Quality Guideline (CDWQG), published by Health Canada

Results in Results in red are below the CDWQG limit of 0.005 mg/L are at or above the CDWQG limit of 0.005 mg/L Analysed using EPA 200.9

Rev Date: 09-26-24



Island Enviro

Island Environmental Health and Safety
201 - 990 Hillside Avenue
Victoria B.C, V8T 2A1
(778)406-0933
admin@islandehs.ca

## Certificate of Analysis

Client Name	School District 70	Report #	61711
Site Address	4930 Maebelle Road	Report Date	12/18/2024
Collection Date	12/11/2024	Analysis Date	12/18/2024
Received by Lab	12/16/2024	PO	
Collected By	SM	Notes	Maintenance Shop

## **Quality Control Report**

_					
ľ		Result	Unit	Limits	Pass/Fail?
ı	Duplicate	2	Rel. % Diff	0 - 15 %	PASS
I	LFM	94	% Recovery	85-115%	PASS
I	LRB	<0.0006	mg/L	<0.0132 mg/L	PASS
ı	LFB	92	% Recovery	85-115%	PASS

**Duplicate**: Paired analysis of two portions of the same sample. Used to evaluate the variance in the measurement and homogenity of the sample. **Laboratory Fortified Matrix (LFM)**: A client sample that has been fortified with a known amount of analyte. Used to evaluate matrix effects.

**Laboratory Reagent Blank (LRB)**: A blank matrix containing all reagents used in the analytical procedure. Used to identify laboratory contamination.

**Laboratory Fortified Blank (LFB)**: A blank matrix to which a known amount of analyte is added. Used to verify instrument calibration.

Results relate only to the items tested

This report is issued by Island EHS, accredited by CALA to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 standards for the scope of testing.



Laura Martin Laboratory Analyst

**End of Report**